COSC 445 TAKE HOME Midterm

2/25/10

NAME:

Open book, notes, internet. Give yourself as much time as you need. Have NO contact with anyone in class regarding this test.

If a question is ambiguous or in error, write down your best assumption to "fix" the question and answer that.

Return the test before 3/1/10 at 5pm via email to shaynes@emich.edu.

- 1. Which of the following is the name of the data structure in a compiler that is responsible for managing information about variables and their attributes? Choose ONE.
- (A) Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)
- (B) Attribute Grammar
- (C) Symbol Table
- (D) Semantic Stack
- (E) Parse Table
- 2. Which of the following characteristics of a programming language is best specified using a context-free grammar? Choose ONE <u>best</u>.
- (A) Identifier length
- (B) Maximum level of nesting
- (C) Operator precedence
- (D) Type compatibility
- (E) Type conversion

3. Draw the state transition diagram that corresponds to the following state transition table (start state: A; accept state: D; '-' means error)

	State	а	b	С
	•			
\rightarrow	А	В	В	С
	В	_	_	В
	C	С	D	_
	(D)	_	_	D

4. Give the DFA for legal bit strings in Java or C/C++. (Table or diagram)

5. Recursive descent parser is a top-down parser.

TRUE FALSE

6. Recursive descent parser is a member of the LL(1) class of parsers.

TRUE FALSE

7. Consider this grammar with terminal symbols, $T = \{;, s\}$

A
$$\rightarrow$$
 B A'
A' \rightarrow ; A | ϵ
B \rightarrow **S**

This grammar has the following First and Follow sets

NT	First	Follow
A	s	\$
В	s	;
A'	; ε	\$

Give the LL(1) parsing table.

8. Consider this (already augmented) grammar with $T = \{ +, \mathbf{n} \}$

$$3 E \rightarrow n$$

The SLR(1) parsing table is:

State	Action			Goto
	n	+	\$	E
0	s2			1
1		s3	accept	
2		r3	r3	
3	s4			
4		r2	r2	

Give the trace of the LR parse of the legal string $\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{n} + \mathbf{n}$ (i.e., Show the stack, input symbol and action at each step.)

9. Consider this grammar (already augmented) for properly nesting parentheses.

$$A' \rightarrow A$$

$$A \rightarrow (A)$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

There are six item sets. Give the item sets.